



# A Gentle Introduction to DevOps



# Learning Objectives

The learning objectives are to

- To explain DevOps through 5 P's framework
- To briefly review DevOps adoption in industry
- To briefly review DevOps Educational activities
- To explore DevOps research opportunities

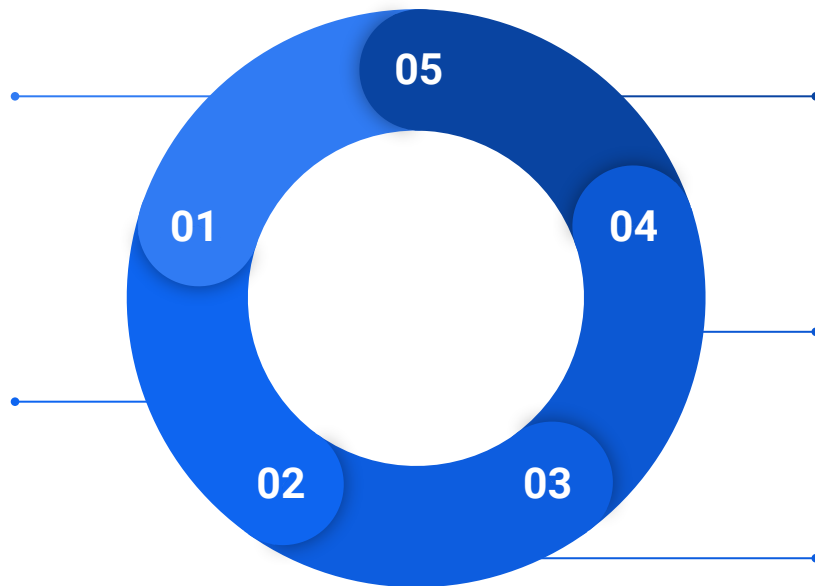




# Why you should know DevOps?

**Industry  
Relevance.**

**Career  
Opportunities.**







**Preparing next  
generation students**

**Cross Disciplinary  
Skills**

**Enhanced Problem  
Solving Skills**

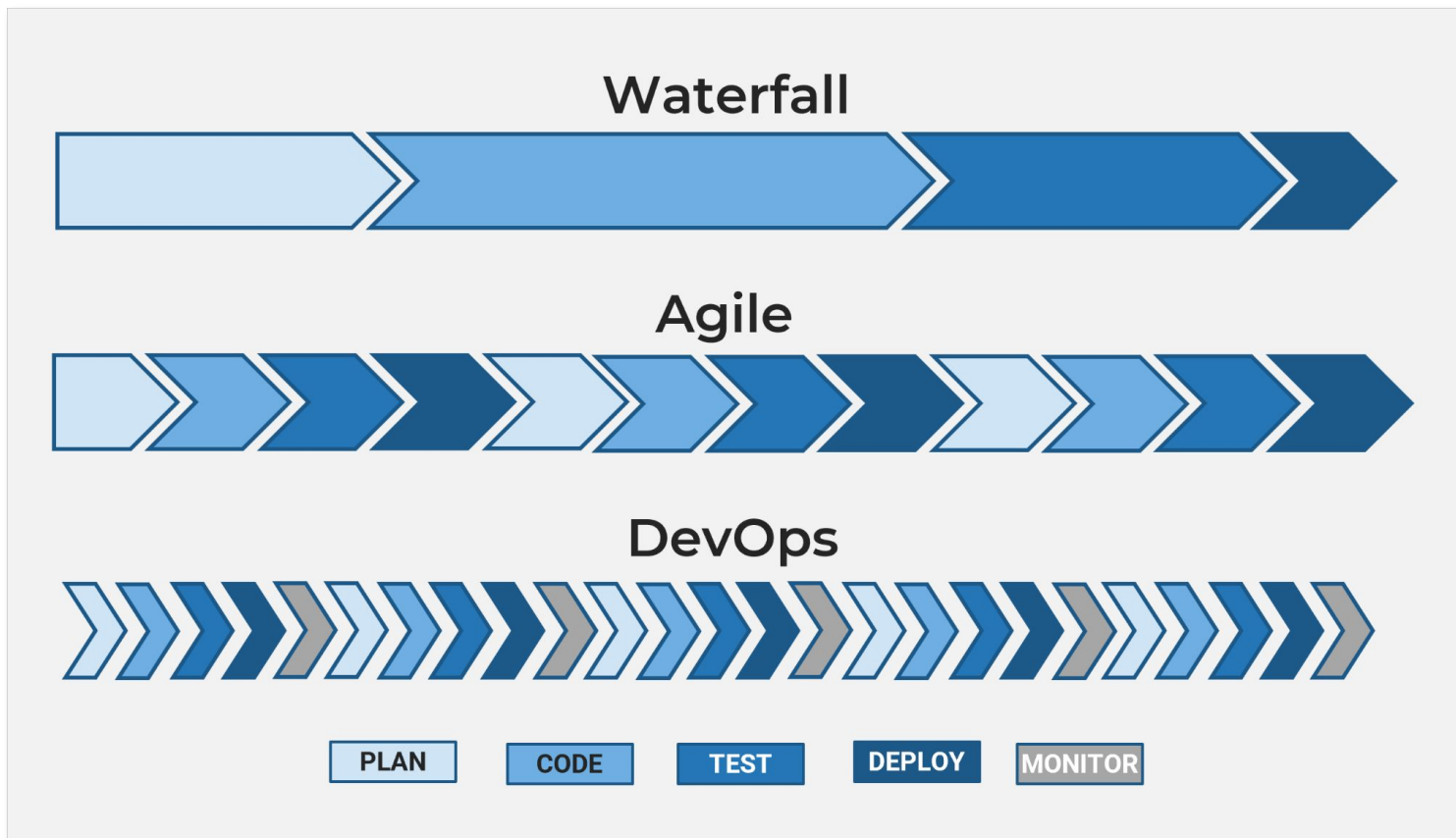


# Is DevOps a Component of Industry 4.0 in the Software Industry?

END OF THE 18 <sup>TH</sup> CENTURY	START OF THE 20 <sup>TH</sup> CENTURY	START OF THE 1970S	PRESENT
			
<b>INDUSTRY 1.0</b> Mechanization	<b>INDUSTRY 2.0</b> Electrification	<b>INDUSTRY 3.0</b> Automatization	<b>INDUSTRY 4.0</b> Cyber-Physical Systems
Introduced mechanization of production by using water and steam to increase production capacity and productivity, versus manual craft work	Introduced labor-based mass production (assembly lines) powered by electrical energy	Introduced electronics and computers to replace manual work by stand-alone robotic systems	The convergence of physical, digital, and virtual environments through Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS) and the Internet of Things (IoT)
<b>1784</b> First mechanical loom	<b>1870</b> First production line, Cincinnati slaughterhouses	<b>1969</b> First programmable logic controller (PLC), Modicon 084	



	<b>Industry 4.0</b>	<b>DevOps</b>
<b>Scope and Focus</b>	Holistic industrial transformation	<b>Software development and delivery</b>
<b>Industries</b>	Manufacturing, logistics, healthcare, etc.	<b>Primarily software industry, but adaptable</b>
<b>Technologies</b>	IoT, AI, big data, automation, robotics	<b>CI/CD, automation, version control, etc.</b>
<b>Goals</b>	Operational efficiency, waste reduction, predictive maintenance	<b>Faster, reliable software releases</b>
<b>Cross-Functional Collaboration</b>	Collaborative teams in industrial settings	<b>Collaboration between dev and ops teams</b>
<b>Applicability</b>	Impacts various business operations	<b>Focused on software development and deployment</b>





# DevOps Timeline

## DevOps Timeline

### 01 DevOps is Introduced

Patrick Debois and Andrew Clay come with "DevOps" at "Birds of a Feather" Session

Agile Conference, Toronto



2008



2009

### 02 1st DevOps Days

Short Description  
Ghent, Belgium

03

### State of DevOps report

1<sup>st</sup> Report was drawn up and launched by Alanna Brown

Puppet

2012



05

### DevOps Impact "Enterprise"

Many organization adopt the DevOps culture. DevOps adoption increasing worldwide.



2014

N..



2013

04

### The Phoenix Project Published

Fictional Novel about IT, DevOps and helping Organization adopt DevOps by Nicole Forsgren, Gene Kim, Jez Humble and others  
IT Revolutions

06

### Next Gen of DevOps

More organization using DevOps and SRE part of DevOps. DevSecOps approach introduced. More event like DevOps Days held Worldwide.





## DevOps is?

## DevOps is not

**Concept**

**Open-source software**

**Mindset**

**A programming language**

**A culture that must be nurtured and iteratively improved**

**Easily achieved nor implemented**

**An excellent way to confidently develop and deliver software**

**A cloud infrastructure solution**

**A collaborative approach**

**A product or toolchain**

**A continuous activity**

**A marketing campaign**





# Defining DevOps



It is a set of practices combining software development (Dev) and IT operations (Ops). It aims to shorten the systems development life cycle and provide continuous delivery with high software quality.



Automates and integrates the processes of software development and IT teams so they can build, test, and release software faster and more reliably.



DevOps is a set of cultural norms and technical practices that enable organizations to deliver better software more quickly












# Defining DevOps

**A set of processes that continuously delivers software reducing release time and improving the quality of the software iteratively.**



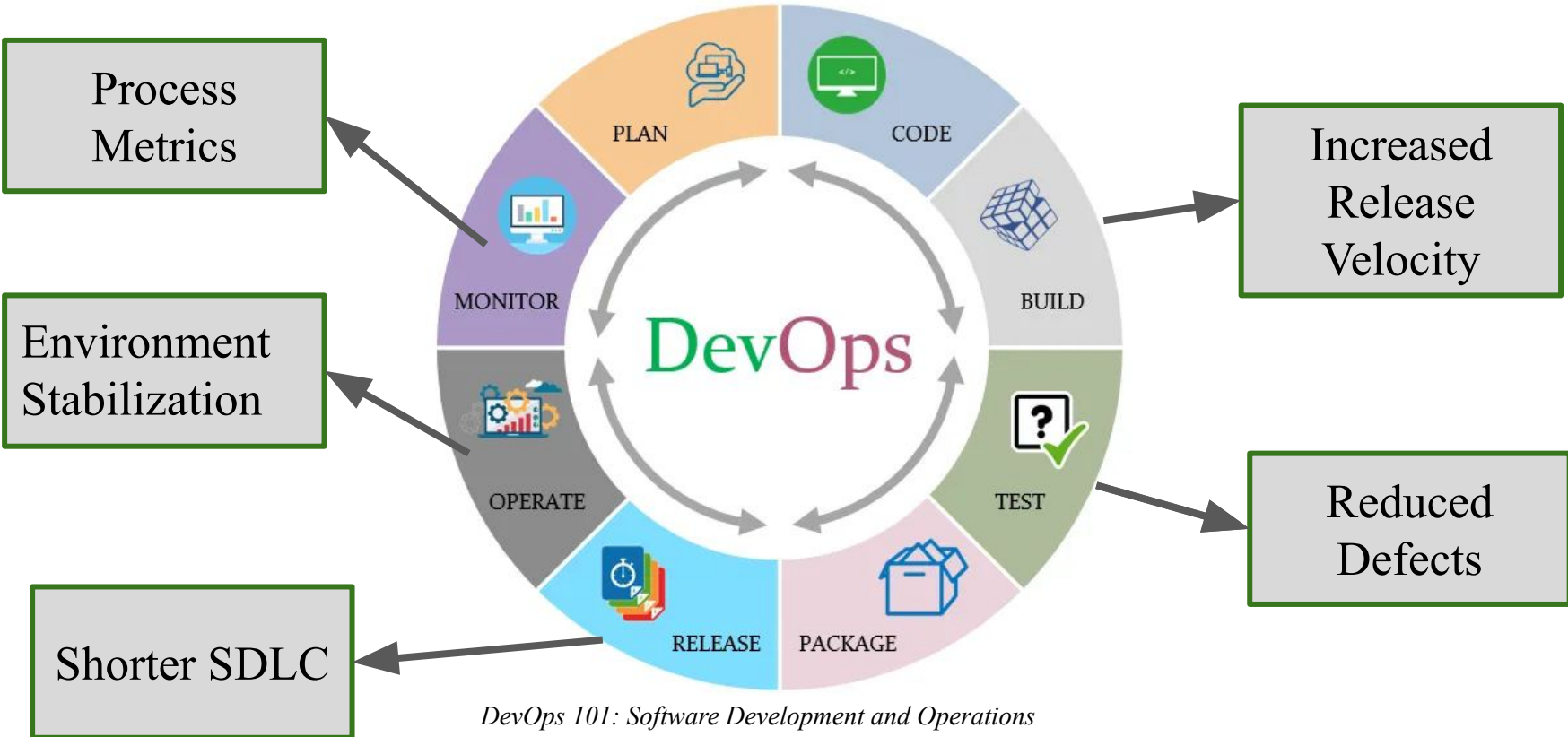
# DEVOPS VS. AGILE



 DevOps	Parameter	 Agile Methodology
Emphasis on collaboration & productivity	<b>Philosophy</b> 	Emphasis on incremental changes through iterative development & testing
Continuous testing & integration, providing end-to-end business solutions	<b>Focal Point &amp; Purpose</b> 	Incremental deployments in complex projects
Looks after secure deployment	<b>Delivery &amp; Deployment</b> 	Looks after developing & launching software
Large team with different skill-set	<b>Team Size &amp; Skills</b> 	Smaller team with advanced skill-sets
Extensive documentation	<b>Documentation</b> 	Light on documentation
Received via customers	<b>Feedback</b> 	Received internally
Specs & design documents	<b>Communication</b> 	Daily scrum meetings



# Defining DevOps





# Process Perspective

## Version Control

- Track Changes
- Collaboration
- Improve Code Quality

## Automated Testing

- Improve Software Quality
- Speed up development

## Infrastructure as Code

- Automation
- Fault Tolerance
- Scalability

## CI/CD Pipeline

- Automation
- Collaboration
- Speed up development

## Containerization

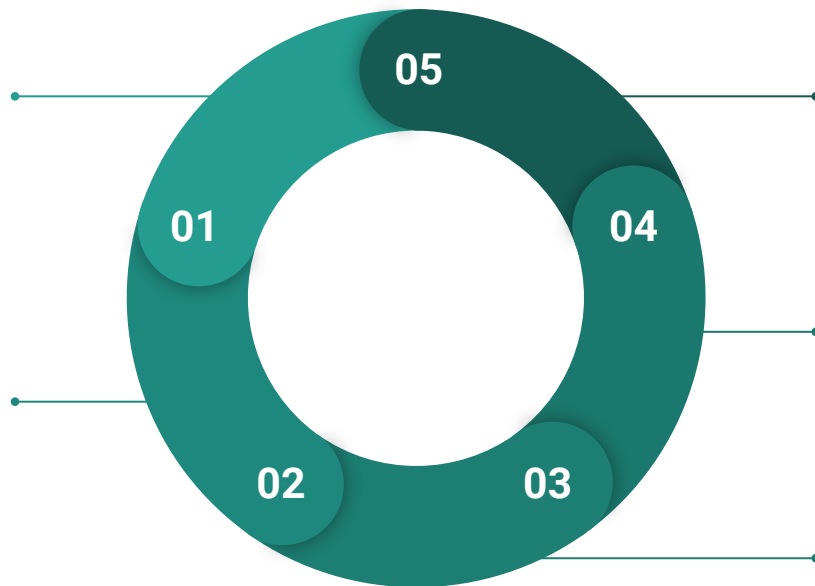
Containerization is a method of packaging, distributing, and managing software applications



# Principle Perspective

Automation:  
Streamlining  
repetitive tasks.

Collaboration:  
Breaking down silos  
and fostering  
teamwork.



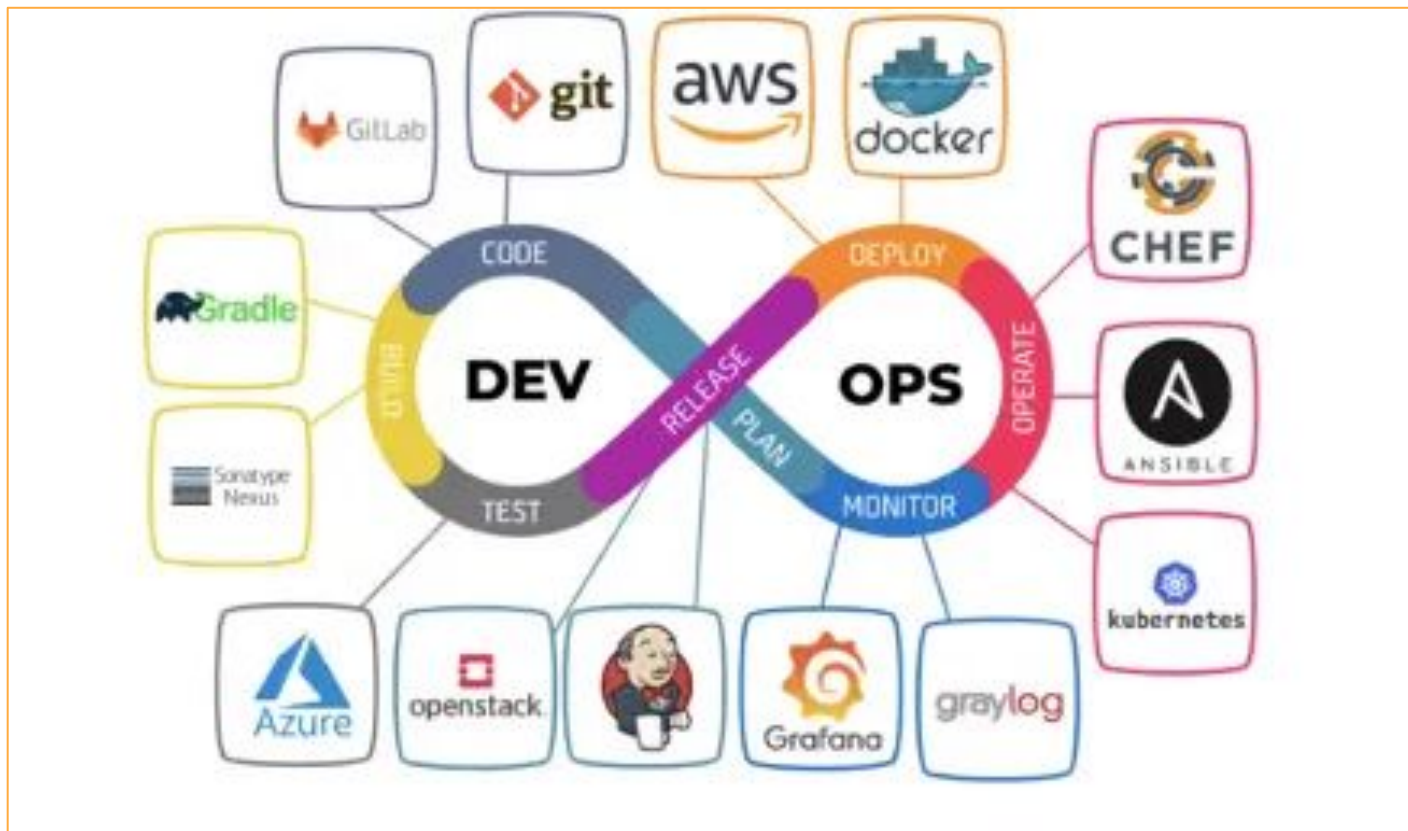
Monitoring and  
Feedback:

Continuous  
Deployment (CD)

Continuous  
Integration (CI):  
Frequent code  
integration and  
testing

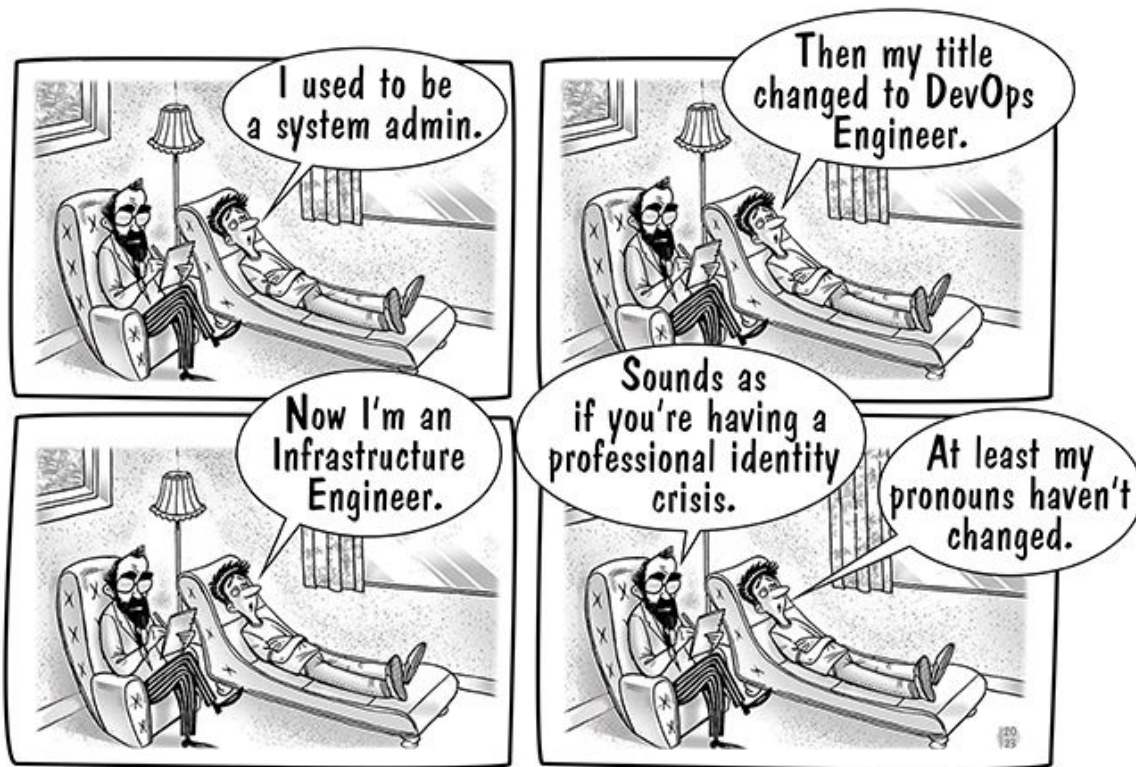


# Product Perspective





# DevOps Personas







# DevOps Personas

<b>DevOps Engineer</b>	Responsible for designing, implementing, and managing the infrastructure, tools, and automation.
<b>Release Manager</b>	Release managers oversee the planning and coordination of software releases.
<b>Site Reliability engineer</b>	SREs focus on ensuring the reliability, performance, and availability of systems and applications
<b>CI/CD Engineer</b>	They ensure that code changes are automatically built, tested, and deployed, enabling a faster release cycle
<b>Containiration Specialist</b>	Containerization specialists focus on the use of container technologies such as Docker and Kubernetes.



# DevOps Practices

Requirements

Treat operational personnel as first class stakeholders.

Development

Form small teams  
Use Unit testing Frameworks.

Build

Support continuous integration.  
Adopt automated build tools

Test

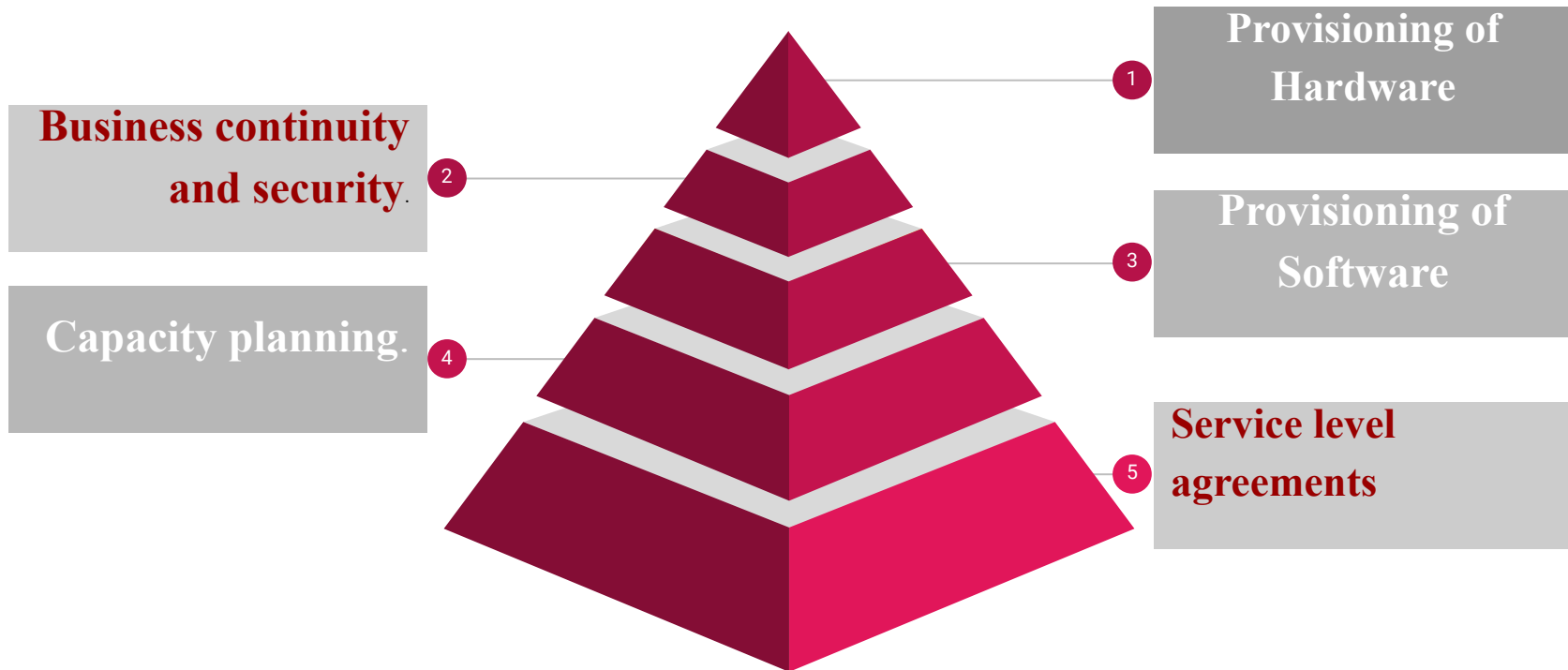
Perform Automated Testing  
Perform user acceptance testing

Deployment & Operations

Support continuous deployment  
Continuously monitor and respond to error condition



# Operational Perspective





# DevOps Adoption in Industries and their impact

Netflix by implementing DevOps practices, Netflix achieved continuous deployment, enabling them to release new features and updates to millions of users seamlessly.

They use tools like Spinnaker for automated deployments and Chaos Monkey for resilience testing.





# DevOps Adoption in Industries and their impact

Facebook leverages DevOps for its fast-paced development and deployment.

They've built a robust automation framework that allows developers to continuously release code changes to a global audience while ensuring stability and security.





# DevOps Adoption in Industries and their impact

NASA uses DevOps practices to manage its Mars Rover software. By implementing continuous integration and delivery, they reduced the time required to deploy and update software on the rover, ensuring mission success.





# DevOps Adoption in Industries

Uber relies on DevOps practices to manage its extensive microservices architecture.

By automating deployment and monitoring, they ensure seamless and reliable ridesharing services on a global scale



# Implementation challenges faced by industries



One of the most significant challenges in DevOps is **cultural transformation**. DevOps requires collaboration, communication, and a shared responsibility between development and operations teams. Overcoming cultural resistance, silos, and traditional ways of working can be challenging.



*The DevOps landscape includes a wide array of tools for automation, continuous integration, containerization, orchestration, and monitoring. **Selecting the right tools** and integrating them effectively can be a complex task, especially for organizations new to DevOps*





# Implementation challenges faced by industries



Many organizations have *legacy systems and processes* that are not conducive to DevOps practices. Adapting these systems to work within a DevOps framework can be time-consuming and challenging. Legacy systems may **lack automation**, which is a core component of DevOps.



**Effective monitoring and visibility** into the entire DevOps pipeline are essential for identifying issues and ensuring continuous improvement. Setting up monitoring tools, creating meaningful metrics, and proactively addressing performance and reliability concerns can be a challenge.



# Research Opportunities



- Security in DevOps
- Human Factors in DevOps
- Serverless and Microservices
- Machine Learning and AI in DevOps
- Performance Optimization
- Serverless and Edge Computing
- Container and Orchestration Security



Quiz time

Which of the following are **THREE** significant processes in DevOps

1. Version Control
2. Requirement Analysis
3. Automated Testing
4. Planning
5. Virtualization and Containerization





## Quiz time

**Which of the following drives the requirement analysis when DevOps is opted to manage software release cycle. THREE significant processes in DevOps**

1. Separate functional requirements from non-functional.
2. Treat operational person as first class stakeholders
3. Quantify quality attributes
4. Identify test cases before use cases.





## Quiz time

**Which of the following is operational persona is responsible for overseeing reliability, availability and performance of a deployed application.**

1. System Administrator
2. IT Manager
3. Chief Information Officer
4. Site Reliability Engineer





Quiz time

**DevOps ecosystem is dominated by large number tools that automate release process**

1. True
2. False





Quiz time

**Developing robust automation tools to shorten the release process is on the of the best practice for organizations embracing DevOps culture.**

1. True
2. False

